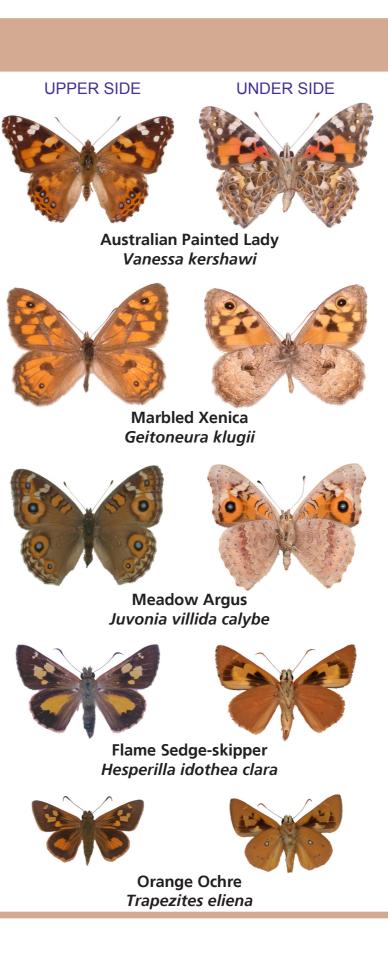
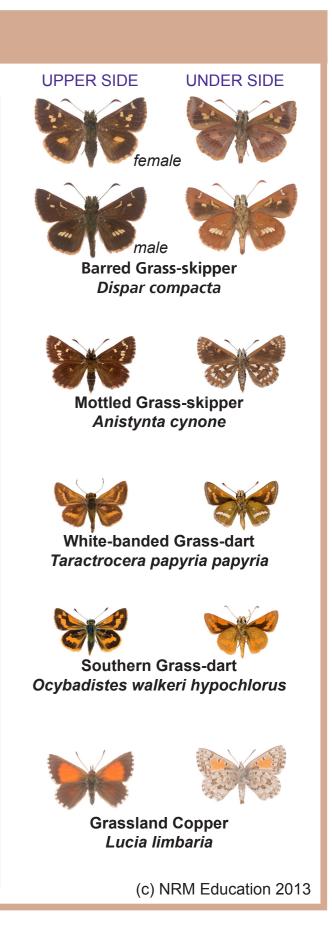
Butterflies of the Limestone Coast

MOSTLY BROWN OR ORANGE Medium sized (2.5cm - 6cm) or Small sized (<2.5cm) **UPPER SIDE UNDER SIDE Striped Xenica** Oreixenica kershawi male **Bright Shield-skipper** Signeta flammeata Varied Sedge-skipper Hesperilla donnysa **Golden-haired Sedge-skipper** Hesperilla chrysotricha cyclospila **Large Brown Skipper** Motasingha trimaculata trimaculata







WHITE or CREAM with BLACK or BROWN Medium sized (2.5cm - 6cm) or Large sized (>6cm)

UPPER SIDE



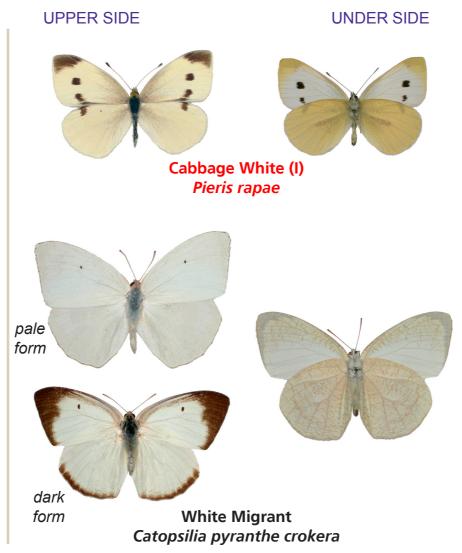
UNDER SIDE

Spotted Jezabel Delias aganippe



UPPER SIDE

Caper White Belenois java teutonia



UNDER SIDE

Chequered Swallowtail Papilio demoleus sthenelus

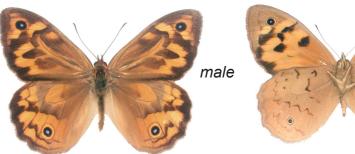
MOSTLY YELLOW Medium sized (2.5cm - 6cm)



Eurema smilax

MOSTLY BROWN OR ORANGE Large sized (>6cm)





Common Brown
Heteronympha merope



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MOSTLY BLUE Small sized (<2.5cm) or Medium sized (2.5cm - 6cm)

UPPER SIDE UNDER SIDE female **Large Brown Azure** Ogyris idmo male **Dark Purple Azure** Ogyris abrota **Small Bronze Azure** Ogyris otanes

UPPER SIDE







Blotched Dusky-blue Candalides acastus





Two-spotted Line-blue Nacaduba biocellata biocellata





Bitter-bush Blue Theclinesthes albocincta





Saltbush Blue Theclinesthes serpentata serpentata





Common Grass-blue Zizina labradus labradus





Satin Azure
Ogyris amaryllis meridionalis





Broad-margined Azure Ogyris olane





Long-tailed Pea-blue Lampides boeticus

USING THIS KEY

This key will assist you in identifying butterflies likely to visit your garden or native reserve in the South East Region.

The key is based on colour and size and, where possible, two views of each butterfly are shown; the upper side and the under side.

The four colour groups represent the upper side wing colours - mostly yellow or white; mostly orange or brown; mostly white or cream with black or brown; and mostly blue.

The sizes, small (<2.5cm), medium (2.5cm - 6cm), and large (>6cm) represent open wingspan and are show at approximate life size when printed A3.

Note the photographs presented here show the wings fully open and when butterflies are at rest they may hold their wings in such a way that you only see the under side. This is especially so for the skippers, darts and blue butterflies, some of which never open their wings when at rest.

Butterflies named in red with an (I) naturally migrated or have been introduced into the region.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This key was adapted from the Butterfly Identification charts produced by the Butterfly Conservation Society SA Inc. and South Australian Museum.

Photography by Roger Grund and Trevor Rowe from pinned specimens in the South Australian Museum (copyright Butterfly Conservation Society SA Inc.).

NRM Education also appreciates the invaluable assistance provided by Jan Forrest OAM in the production of this resource and Bryan Haywood for providing information on South East S.A. species of butterflies.



FURTHER INFORMATION

For scientific names and information on these butterflies, their food plants and how to attract them to your garden, please see the book 'Attracting butterflies to your garden: what to grow and conserve in the Adelaide region' by Lindsay Hunt, Roger Grund, David Keane and Jan Forrest (2007) published by the Butterfly Conservation Society South Australia Inc. and available from the South Australian Museum book shop, Butterfly Conservation SA Inc., and other retail outlets.

Other guides include:

A field guide to the Butterfly Walk in Penambol Conservation Park https://www.yumpu.com/en/document/read/8973184/butterfly-walk-field-guide-forestrysa

Braby, M.F. (2004) The complete field guide to butterflies of Australia. Australian National University.

Additionally, discover which butterfly-friendly plants are found in your area and the butterflies that are associated with them https://butterflyconservationsa.net.au/butterflies/attract/

Limestone Coast Landscape Board 08 8429 7550 www.landscape.sa.gov.au/lc